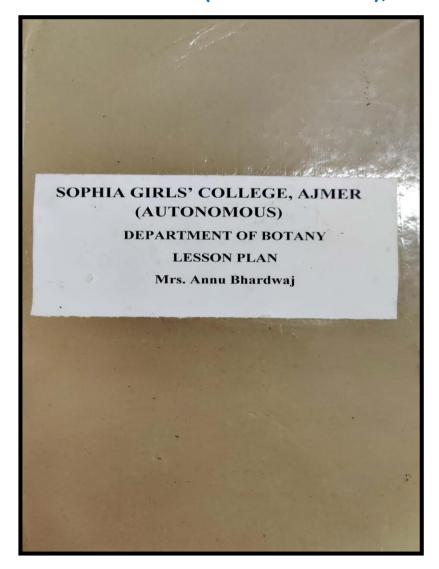


SOPHIA GIRLS' COLLEGE(AUTONOMOUS), AJMER





SOPHIA GIRL'S COLLEGE, AJMER (AUTONOMOUS) B.Sc. I (SEMESTER I)

ALGAE, FUNGI AND LICHENS (PAPER I) (BOT 101) Min. Marks: 30(20 Ext;10 Int)

Max. Marks: 75 (50Ext; 25 Int)

Credit: 03

SEM 1 Month	UNIT/TOPIC	Concepts/facts	Teaching Pedagogy	Learning Outcomes	Questions	Marks Weightage (%)
JULY	UNIT I Algae- General characters, Thallus organisation, Pigments, Reserve food material	General characters of algae, types of thallus in algae, types of pigments and reserve food in algae	Lecture Group discussion	Categorize organisms as	Knowledge Based -What is algae and how it is differ from fungi? Write general characters of cyanophyceae.	Knowledge60 Understanding-30 Higher Order-10
	Classification (Fritsch), Economic importance, Algal bloom and Types of life cycle.	Classification of algae and general characters of all 11 classes. Positive and negative aspects of algae. Lifecycles types with examples	PPT, Lecture, Diagrams, Assignments	algae, fungi and lichens	Understanding Based Elaborate the life cycle of Polysiphonia with the help of ray diagram.	
	A General account of lichens	General characters of lichens and three types of lichens and their morphology.	Lecture, PPT		Describe thallus organisation, pigments and reserve food in different classes of algae	gr.
AUGUST	UNIT II Important features and life history of: Cyanophyceae-	Characteristics of classes of algae and thallus structure and mode of reproduction in	Diagrams, Pictures, Lecture	Appreciate the diversity of life forms	Higher Order Thinking Skills Based Describe	

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	Nostoc, Oscillatoria	different genus of algae			hetrothallism in fungi with help of examplesCompare the life cycle of <i>Puccinia</i>	
	Chlorophyceae- Volvox, Oedogonium	Thallus organisation and life history of some members of chlorophyceae	Diagrams, Slide preparation Lecture		with Aspergillus	
	Xanthophyceae- Vaucheria Phaeophyceae- Ectocarpus Rhodophyceae- Polysiphonia	Thallus organisation and life history of members of Xanthophyceae, Phaeophyceae and Rhodophyceae	Diagrams, Pictures, Specimens, Slide preparation, Lecture			
SEPTEM ER- OCTOBE	Fungi- General characters	Characteristics of Fungi, Classification ,Positive and negative uses of fungi and general terms related with fungi	Pictures, Specimens, Lecture	Understand phylogenetic relationship, ecology and economic importance of algae, fungi and lichens		العرب ا
PRINCIPAL SOPHIA GIRLS' COLL (AUTONDMOUS) AJINER	Peziza Basidiomycotina-	Important features and life cycle of genera of different classes of fungi	Diagrams, Pictures, Specimens,Slide preparation Lecture		Department I Botan Sophia Girla College (Autonomous), Ajmer	



B.Sc. II (SEMESTER III) TAXONOMY OF ANGIOSPERMS (PAPER II) (BOT-302)

Max. Marks: 75 (50Ext; 25 Int)

Min. Marks: 30(20 Ext;10 Int)

Credit: 03

SEM III	UNIT/TOPIC	Concepts/facts	Teaching	Learning	Questions	Marks Weightage
Month			Pedagogy	Outcomes		(%)
SEM III JULY	UNIT I Angiosperm taxonomy: Brief history, Aims and fundamental concepts (alpha taxonomy, omega taxonomy, holotaxonomy), Taxonomic literature, Herbarium technique, Important herbaria and Botanical gardens of India	Definition of taxonomy, fundamental rules and types of taxonomy, Taxonomic tools, Herbaria and botanical garden of india	Diagrams, Demonstration, Lecture, Quiz Herbarium preparation ,Campus survey	Understand the basic aspects of plant taxonomy and botanical nomenclature	Knowledge Based -What is a omega taxonomy? -Discuss about ICBN Understanding Based	Knowledge50 Understanding-35 Higher Order-15
	Botanical nomenclature: Principal and rules, Salient features of International Code of Botanical Nomenclature, Taxonomic ranks, Type concept, Principle of priority.	Definition of Nomenclature, rules of ICBN ,Typhification method, POR concept	Lecture, Group discussion		Compare Botanical characters of Apocynaceae with Malvaceae family. Illustrate taxonomic characters	der
	Major contribution of cytology, Phytochemistry and Taximetrics to taxonomy	Role of plant taxonomy in cytology ,phytochemistry ,Numerical taxonomy	Lecture, Assignment Group discussion		Rananculaceae Higher Order Thinking Skills Based	

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AUGUST	UNIT II Classification of Angiosperms: Salient features of systems proposed by Bentham & Hooker, Engler&Prantl	Classificationused for angiospermic plants given by B&H and E&P Difference and merit and demerits of B&H and E&P system of classification.	Lecture, Assignment,	Compare various plant families and classify plants on the basis of their characters	f - rs -With a help of floral diagram and floral formula	taxonomic characters of monocot families studied blants sis of racters -With a help of floral diagram and floral formula		
	Diversity of flowering plants as illustrated by members of families: Ranunculaceae, Cruciferae,	Terminology used to describe angiospermic plants, Description of Ranunculaceae, Cruciferae with help of vegetative characters and their floral diagrams and floral formula	Diagrams, Section cutting, Lecture, Campus survey		campare Euphorbiaceae family with Liliaceae family.			
	Diversity of flowering plants as illustrated by members of families:, Malvaceae, Rutaceae, Fabaceae, Apiaceae, and Compositae	Terminology used to describe angiospermic plants, Description of Malvaceae, Rutaceae, Fabaceae, Apiaceae, and Compositae with help of vegetative characters and their floral diagrams and floral formula	Diagrams, Section cutting, Lecture Demonstration, Campus survey			- Jun	4	



	UNIT III Diversity of	Description of	Diagrams,	Appreciate the	
SEPTEMBER-	flowering plants as	Acanthaceae,	Section cutting,	diversity of	1
OCTOBER	illustrated by members of	Apocyanaceae, with	Lecture, Campus	flowering plants	
i	families: Acanthaceae,	help of vegetative	survey,		
	Apocyanaceae,	characters and their	Herbarium		
		floral diagrams and	preparation		
		floral formula,]	
	Diversity of flowering plants	Description of,	Diagrams,		
	as illustrated by members of	Asclepiadaceae,	Section cutting,		
	families: Asclepiadaceae,	Solanaceae,	Lecture,Campus		
	Solanaceae, Labiatae,	Labiatae, with help of	survey,		1
		vegetative characters	Herbarium		
		and their floral	preparation		
		diagrams and floral	52 55		
		formula			
NOVEMBER	Diversity of flowering plants	Description of,	Diagrams,		
	as illustrated by members of	Description of	Section cutting,		
	families: Euphorbiaceae,	Acanthaceae,	Lecture, Campus		
	Liliaceae and Poaceae.	Apocyanaceae, with	survey,		
	Emaceae and Foaceae.	help of vegetative	Herbarium		
		characters and their	preparation		1
		floral diagrams and			
		floral formula with			
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PRINCIPAL SOPHIA GIRLS' COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) AJMER Department of Botany Sophia Girls' College (Autonomous), Ajmer



B.Sc. III (SEMESTER V)

DEVELOPMENT AND UTILIZATION OF PLANTS (PAPER II) (BOT-502)

Max. Marks: 75 (50Ext; 25 Int)

Min. Marks: 30(20 Ext;10 Int)

Credit: 03

SEM V Month	UNIT/TOPIC	Concepts/facts	Teaching Pedagogy	Learning Outcomes	Questions	Marks Weightage (%)
JULY	UNIT I Growth and development: Definations, Phases of growth and development, Growth kinetics	Defination of Growth and Developmet ,Phases and kinetics of growth ,.	Lecture, ,Presentation	Understand the process of growth and	Knowledge Based -What is Development? -Write a note on Kinetics of growth Understanding Based	Knowledge40 Understanding-40 Higher Order-20
	Photoperiodism: Florigen concept. Vernalization	Flowering Harmone and Vernalization	Diagrams, Lecture Presentation	development and the phenomena of flowering		
	Photomorphogenesis: Phytochrome- discovery, Physiological role, Mechanism of action, HIR (High Irradiance Response)	Phytochrome and its physiological effects,HIR	Lecture, Demonstration	nowering	-Explain bioassay of auxin with help of diagrams <u>Higher Order</u> <u>Thinking Skills</u>	
AUGUST	UNIT II Plant hormones: Discovery, Structure, Bioassay, Physiological role and Application of; Auxin, Gibberellin,	Defination of Plant harmones, History ,Structure, Bioassay and physiological rloe of Auxin and Gibberellin.	Lecture, Presentation Group Discussion	Assess the role of various plant hormones in regulating vital	Based -Explain the physiological role of Gibberellin and cytokinin	



	Plant hormones: Discovery, Structure, Bioassay, Physiological role and Application of; Cytokinin, Abscisic acid and Ethylene	harmones, History	Lecture, Group Discussion Diagrams	functions in plants		
SEPTEMBER- OCTOBER	UNIT III Utilization of Plants: Food Plants: Rice, Wheat, Maize, Sugarcane Fibers: Cotton and Jute	Defination of Economic botany, Family ,Scientific ,part used ,Morphological ,Cultivation and uses of Food plants and fibre plants	Lecture, Presentation Assignment	Appraise and prioritize the utility of plant species		
NOVEMBER	Vegetable oils: Groundnut, Mustard and Coconut Spices: General account (Black pepper, Cloves, Cinnamon, Cardamom, Turmeric, Coriander)	Family ,Scientific ,part used ,Morphological ,Cultivation and uses of vegetable oils and spices and condiments.	Lecture, Presentation			
PRINCIPAL DPHIA GIRLS' COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)	Medicinal Plants: General account (Atropa, Serpentine, Brahmi, Ashwagandha) Beverages: Tea and Coffee Rubber	Family ,Scientific ,part used ,Morphological ,Cultivation ,chemical composition and uses of medicinal plants , beverages and rubber.	Lecture, Presentation Group Discussion		Head Department of Botany Sophia Girls' College	gum



${\bf SOPHIA~GIRL'S~COLLEGE,~AJMER~(\it AUTONOMOUS)}$

B.Sc. I (SEMESTER II)

BRYOHYTES AND PTERIDOPHYTES (PAPER II) (BOT 201) Min. Marks: 30(20 Ext;10 Int)

Max. Marks: 75 (50Ext; 25 Int)

Credit: 03

SEM II Month	UNIT/TOPIC	Concepts/facts	Teaching Pedagogy	Learning Outcomes	Questions	Marks Weightage (%)	
DEC	UNIT I Bryophytes- General characters, Classification, Economic and Ecological importance.	General characters of bryophytes, Important characters of different classes of bryophytes ,economic importance of bryophytes	Group discussion, Lecture, Presentation	Asses the role of bryophytes as pioneers in plant communities	Knowledge Based -Which group of plant kingdom known as amphibians of plant kingdom? -Write important characteristics of Hepaticopsida	Knowledge60 Understanding-30 Higher Order-10	
	Hepaticopsida- MarchantiaAnthocerotops ida- Anthoceros	General characteristics of Hepaticopsida and Anthocerotopsida ,Thallus organisation ,Asexual and sexual reproduction of Marchantia, Anthoceros	Lecture, Diagrams, Presentation		Why pteridophytes are known as reptiles of plant kingdom <u>Understanding</u> <u>Based</u> -Campare		
	Bryopsida- Funaria	General characteristics of Bryopsida, Thallus organisation, Asexual and sexual rep. of Funaria	Group discussion, Lecture		ganmetophytic structure of Marchantia with Anthoceros	die	mi
NAT	UNIT II Pteridophytes- General characters, Classification, Stelar system.	General characters of Pteridophytes, classification and general characters of different classes of pteridophytes ,Types of stelar system in Pteridophytes	Diagrams, Pictures, Lecture Presentation	Categorize major groups of pteridophytes	-Discuss about stellar system and modification of siphnostele <u>Higher Order Thinking Skills Based</u>		II.

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	1	Important characteristics of: Psilophyta, Lycophyta, Sphenophyta.	Recall characteristics of Psilophyta, Lycophyta, Sphenophyta and explain with help of examples.	Diagrams, Pictures, Lecture,Charts,		Recall Important characteristic of lifferent divisions of oteridophytes help of examples. Compare Sexual reproduction of Selaginella with Equisetum.		
	1	Important characteristics of: Pterophyta.	Recall characteristics of Pterophyta explain with help of examples.	Diagrams, Lecture				
	3- MAR	UNIT III Structure and reproduction in: Rhynia, Lycopodium	Characteristics of fossil plants-, Desciption of Rhynia (fossil pteridophyte) Morphology ,sexual and asexual reproduction of Lycopodium	Diagrams, Specimens, Lecture Slide preparation	Compare the structure and reproduction in various genera of pteridophytes	1	11	July
PRINCIPAL PHIA GIRLS' CO (AUTONOMO)	OUEGE	Structure and reproduction in Selaginella, Equisetum, Pteris and Marsilea	Morphology ,sexual and asexual reproduction of Selaginella, Equisetum, Pteris and Marsilea	Diagrams, Pictures, Specimens, Lecture, Slide preparation		Hea Department Sophia Girl	of Botany	



B.Sc. II (SEMESTER IV) DIVERSITY OF SEED PLANTS (PAPER II) (BOT-401)

Max. Marks: 75 (50Ext; 25 Int)

Min. Marks: 30(20 Ext;10 Int)
COURSE PLAN

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Credit: 03

SEM IV Month	UNIT/TOPIC	Concepts/facts	Teaching Pedagogy	Learning Outcomes	Questions	Marks Weightage
DEC.	UNIT I Characteristics of seed plants: Evolution of seed habit, Seed plants with fruits (Angiosperms) and without fruit (Gymnosperms). Angiosperms: Origin and Evolution, Some examples of primitive Angiosperms (Magnolia, Degenaria,	Characteristics of angiosperms and gymnosperms, Concept of seed habit ,evidences to prove seed habit Origin of seed plants ,characteristics of primitive angiosperms Morphology and reproductive structure of Magnolia,	Diagrams, Demonstration, Lecture, Quiz Lecture and presentation	Understand evolution of seed habit with some examples of primitive angiosperms	Knowledge Based -Definition of seed habit? -Explain paleobotanical evidences to support hetrospory. Understanding Based - Write the	Knowledge50 Understanding-35 Higher Order-15
	Some examples of primitive Angiosperms Trochodendron, Driyms	Degenaria, Morphology and reproductive structure of Trochodendron, Driyms	Lecture, Assignment, Charts	de la companya de la	characteristics of primitive angiosperms of with help of examples?	
JAN	UNIT II Gymnosperms: General characteristics, Classification, Geological time scale	Characteristics of Gymnosperms Classification ,Discussion on periods and era	Lecture, Group discussion, Presentation	Infer the process of fossilization and focus on fossil gymnosperms	- Differentiate fossil characters of Trochodendron, with Magnolia,),
	Fossilisation and some examples of fossil gymnosperms Lyginopteris, Glossopteris, Examples of fossil gymnosperms	Types of fossils and methods of studying fossils. Characters of fossil	Lecture, Presentation Lecture,	,	Higher Order Thinking Skills Based -Explain	



	Ptilophyllum, Williamsonia, Cycadeoidea	gymnosperms and morphology and reproductive structure of some fossil gymnosperms.	diagrams, Presentation		Morphological characters of Pinus and campare with Ephedra		
FEB-MAR	Morphology of vegetative & reproductive parts and Anatomy of: root, stem and leaf, reproductive parts and life cycle of Cycas,	Morphology, anatomical and reproductive structure and life cycle of cycas	Lecture ,Practical,slide preparation ,presentation	Illustrate distribution, morphology, anatomy and reproductive biology of			
	Morphology of vegetative & reproductive parts and Anatomy of: root, stem and leaf, reproductive parts and life cycle of, Pinus	Morphology,anatomical and reproductive structure and life cycle of <i>Pinus</i>	Lecture ,Practical,slide preparation	gymnosperms			
	Morphology of vegetative & reproductive parts and Anatomy of: root, stem and leaf, reproductive parts and life cycle of Ephedra	Morphology,anatomical and reproductive structure and life cycle of <i>Ephedra</i>	Lecture ,Practical,slide preparation ,presentation		٨	N of	Ju
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PRINCIPAL SOPHIA GIRLS' COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) AJMER

Department of Botany Sophia Girls' College (Autonomous), Ajmer



B.Sc. III (SEMESTER VI)

PLANT ECOLOGY (PAPER I) (BOT-601)

Max. Marks: 75 (50Ext; 25 Int)

Min. Marks: 30(20 Ext;10 Int)

Credit: 03

SEM VI Month	UNIT/TOPIC	Concepts/facts	Teaching Pedagogy	Learning Outcomes	Questions	Marks Weightage (%)
DEC	UNIT I Environment: Atmosphere (gaseous composition), Water (properties of water cycle), Light (global radiation and photosynthetically active radiation), Temperature, Soil (development, soil profiles, physico-chemical properties)	Terminology in ecology, Atmosphere and layers of atmosphere, Properties of water and hydrological cycle, Light and importance of light. Temperature and importance of light, soil profile and properties of soil.	Diagrams, Lecture, Assignment Diagrams, Lecture Assignment.	Consider that how the Ecological systems function	Knowledge Based -What is a ecosystem? -Illustrate layers of atmsphere Understanding Based -Recall soil profile and properties of soilDifferentiate Analytical and Synthetic characters of community.	Knowledge40 Understanding-40 Higher Order-20
					Higher Order	
JAN	UNIT II Morphological, anatomical and physiological adaptations of plants to water: hydrophytes,	Morphological ,anatomical and physiological characteristics of hydrophytes, xerophytes and	Diagrams, Lecture Slide preparation	Understand how food webs and trophic levels work	Thinking Skills Based -Explain gene ecology.	,



	Population ecology: Growth curves, Ecotypes, Ecads. Types of species Interaction.	halophytes Gene Ecology, Population ecology Negative and positive interaction	Diagrams, Lecture Presentation		- Describe phosphorus cycle with help of ray diagram.		
	Community ecology: Characteristics, Characters (analytical and synthetic), Biological spectrum, Ecological succession, concept of climax, Ecological niche	Analytical and synthetic characters of community Ecological succession and its type Ecological niche and its type	Diagrams, Lecture Presentation				
FEB-MAR	UNIT III Ecosystems: Structure- abiotic and biotic components, food chain, food web, ecological pyramids, energy flow	Defination of Ecosystem and its components Functional aspect of ecosystem	Diagrams, Lecture Presentation	Assess the relationship between organisms and their environment			
	Biogeochemical cycles of- carbon, nitrogen and phosphorous	Ecological cycles, C,N and P cycles and their role in ecosystem	Diagrams, Lecture Presentation			d	الملا
So Pearl	Biogeographical regions of India. Vegetation types of India: Forests and grassland	Forests and grassland and vegetation of India	Diagrams, Lecture		Head	7	
PRINCIPAL HIA GIRLS' COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) AJMER		PRINCIPAL SOPHIA GIRLS' COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) AJMER		Department of Botany Sophia Girls College (Autonomous), Ajmer			